



THURSDAY EVENING, MAR. 14, 1907.

THERE is every reason to believe that not only the United States but other countries are on the verge of a big panic. Chaos and confusion reigned in Wall street yesterday, and there was a cable dispatches showed that similar conditions prevailed on foreign exchanges. The demoralization seemed to be worldwide, though the cause of the trouble was a mystery to all. There was a general rush in New York to sell at any price. There has been a decline of \$1,600,000,000 in market values from the high prices of last year. There was a final stampede and bankers are now said to be sitting on their gold chests awaiting the outcome. Some believe that present conditions have been brought about by the Harriman revelations, while others are inclined to hold that they have been needlessly precipitated in order to induce the administration to call a halt in the investigations now in progress.

THE PROCEEDINGS in the Thaw murder trial in New York are again becoming interesting. District Attorney Jerome yesterday succeeded in getting before the jury the contents of the famous affidavit Evelyn Thaw made against her husband at the instigation of Stanford White in the office of Abe Hummel. Jerome says Thaw beat Evelyn Nesbit's bare body with a whip to force her to sign her charges against the architect, but she refused. Later, according to the District Attorney, while alienated from Thaw, she made an affidavit that she had not told Thaw White had assaulted her. Jerome seeks to discredit the wife's story by showing she made conflicting statements. The foundation for both the defense and prosecution is built on the truth or inaccuracy of the wife's story. The entire case will stand or fall with the exclusion or admission of the affidavit.

MR. JAMES GAYLEY, first vice president of the United States Steel Corporation, made a threat in Baltimore on Monday that unless the government uses more armor plate the corporation will shut down its mills, and thousands of skilled mechanics will be thrown out of employment. Mr. Gayley said that the United States Steel Corporation would have to have a market for more than 15,000 tons of the armor plate to make it at all profitable to run the plants. Since the Midvale Steel Company has been able to procure a share of the armor plate work of the government the trust has not been selling enough of the article, he states, to justify it in keeping tied up the amount of capital necessary to run a factory of that kind. The check of these steel magnates is amazing.

THERE was recently unloaded in New York a steamer that brought 13,941 bales of wool from Australia valued at \$2,000,000. The wool collected on this wool was \$770,000. This is a specimen of the fine imposed upon importers who seek to trade with the people of South America, Australia and other wool exporting countries. This country does not produce wool enough to meet domestic demand. And yet there are people running around the country who call themselves statesmen who are desirous of paying subsidies to American ships to carry the products so heavily taxed and to encourage trade so savagely repressed.

MR. DON P. HALSEY, of Lynchburg, a nephew of Senator Daniel, announces his candidacy for the State Senate, to succeed Senator A. F. Thomas, from the district composed of the county of Campbell and the city of Lynchburg. Senator Thomas will also be a candidate. It will be recalled that Senator Thomas has announced his opposition to the return of Senator Daniel to the United States Senate and this will be the issue.

THROUGH an apparently concerted influence, stock market values melted away yesterday with almost unprecedented rapidity. The depreciation of values was greater than ever before in the history of the market, except in times of actual panic. The decline extended throughout the list of active stocks. Wall street seems to value the slump as a result of a panic-plan aimed at Mr. Roosevelt's policies, by railroad interests.

THE ACTION of the railroad managers who have violated laws and their threats that, if the administration does not let up on them, there will be hard times, is the same game they played upon the people in the campaign of 1896, when corporation contributions, threats and intimidations scared the people into voting for McKinley. But sensible people are not scared twice by the same device.

THE SIBOTHES TRIAL lasted but nine days but the Thaw trial is now in its ninth week and is still dragging its course along with no prospect of an early end, which is so devoutly wished for. By the way, if that pistol with

which Thaw killed White had shot both ways what a lot of trouble would have been saved.

### From Washington.

Correspondence of the Alexandria Gazette. Washington, March 14. Announcement was made today by the War Department of the resignations of Gen. Peter C. Hains, U. S. Army; Mr. Benjamin M. Harrod, and Rear-Admiral M. I. Eddcott as members of the Panama Canal Commission. Their resignations have been accepted to take effect March 15. It is understood that the resignation of Chief Engineer John N. Stevens, which was tendered some weeks ago, will take effect April 1st, when Lieut. Col. George W. Goethals, U. S. Engineer Corps, will become chief engineer. As a result of these resignations, it is stated at the War Department, the Isthmian Canal Commission, will consist of John F. Stevens, Chairman until April 1st, when he will retire; Lieut. Col. George W. Goethals, who will succeed Mr. Stevens; Majors David Du Galliard and William L. Eberhart, both of the Army Corps of Engineers; Rear-Admiral H. H. Rosseau, Civil Engineer, U. S. Navy; Col. William C. Gorgas, Army Medical Corps; Mr. Jackson Smith, who is at present head of the Department of Labor and Quarters on the Isthmus and former Senator Joseph Blackburn.

The first step in what gives promise of being the first criminal prosecution by the Government under the new railroad rate law were taken at the Interstate Commerce Commission today when witnesses were examined concerning charge of falsifying weight on cotton seed shipped to mills in Laurinburg and Lumberton, N. C. In this case the Seaboard Air Line is the complainant.

President Roosevelt today instructed Attorney-General Bonaparte to order the District Attorney at San Francisco to withdraw the suit pending there which was to decide the right of Japanese children to attend the regular public schools. This is done on the information received yesterday by the President that the San Francisco school board has rescinded its former order of segregation.

Secretary Garfield, the new head of the Interior Department, today signed an order for the office for in the General Land Office to remain on duty a half hour longer each day than has been the rule for years. This is done at the suggestion of Commissioner Ballinger, of the Land Office, in order to bring the work of the office into line with the clock. Some of the divisions are three months behind. The order of the President releasing from suspension entries on the public land has something to do with this. The clock will get no extra pay for the additional work.

### The New Douma Covered.

St. Petersburg, March 14.—Premier Stolypin has completely covered the new douma, of which such great things were expected, through his threat to dissolve the body in case it adopts revolutionary tactics, and the government controls the situation completely. Just how thoroughly the premier has the douma in the toils was shown in a caucus of all the opposition parties last night, when it was decided to go to the extent of adjourning the session tomorrow when the government programme is offered if necessary to prevent a debate attacking Stolypin. Only the social democrats opposed this plan and they were rudely squelched by the others. A plan to criticize Stolypin was presented by them and even the social revolutionists joined in negating this plan. Thereupon, the social democrats threatened to start the anti-Stolypin debate themselves. This move was countered by the adoption of a resolution pledging all the other parties to support a motion to suspend the debate if the government's programme is not sufficiently liberal to satisfy the social democrats. All the parties agreed to leave the hall forcing an adjournment if an attack on the premier is made.

### Steamship Ashore.

New York, March 14.—Life savers from both the Blue Point and the Lone Hill, L. I. stations today are keeping constant watch over the British steamship Gowanburn which went ashore last evening on the outer shoal between the two stations, not far from Patchogue, L. I. She is in a dangerous position and may go to pieces at any time. In the thick fog and heavy seas it is probable that if she does break up many of her crew will be lost.

This morning, after having made several ineffectual attempts to launch life boats, the life savers succeeded in shooting a line across the stranded steamer's bow. They sent a man in a breeches-buoy which brought back word from Captain McNeill and his crew of 30 that they would stick to the ship and try to work her off the bar. The waves were sweeping clear across the ship.

At dawn, today, the ship was yet visible, 400 yards off the beach, only her mournful foghorn telling the life savers that she was there. The Gowanburn is a 2,725 ton vessel laden with wool from Hull, England.

### The Missing Boy.

Wilmington, Del., March 14.—The abductors of little Horace Marvin are coming nearer home to deliver him. The third and clinching letter, all being in the same handwriting, came to Dr. Marvin today. It read as though written in Wilmington, but came from Philadelphia by railway mail car. It said: "For \$1,000 we will return your boy. Take the money to the entrance to Brandywine Springs Park, Wilmington, Del. There you will find a man with a red handkerchief around his neck. Hand the coin to him and pass on. Don't tell the police, for if you do you will never get him alive. Others will be after to watch you so don't try any funny business. THE VELVET HAND."

The detectives are now in conference with Dr. Marvin and he will go to Brandywine Springs today.

The explosion on the Battleship Jena. Toulon, March 14.—While it will never definitely be known how many lives were lost in the explosion on the French battleship Jena last Tuesday, it is believed that the death list today is between 115 and 130, and to this will be added a number of the fatally wounded, whose chances of recovery are slight. Many victims were literally blown to pieces and will never be accounted for. The work of recovering the bodies from the burned battleship is progressing very slowly, the suffocating fumes reaching the work of the rescuers and after the bodies of the victims have been recovered they are for the most part found to be so disfigured that identification is impossible. Hopes are now entertained by the French navy officials that the Jena can be repaired and used as a training ship, but it is their opinion that she can never be used in active service.

### News of the Day.

Rev. Dr. Henry Vandye has decided to not resign from Princeton.

The deaths due to the blowing up of the French battleship Jena may number 120.

H. G. McDowell, president of the Farmers' Bank of Canton, Ohio, committed suicide yesterday.

Lord Beauchamp Nevill was arrested in London yesterday on the charge of securing diamonds by a trick.

President Roosevelt has not been informed as to what the four railroad presidents will propose at their coming conference with him, but he is said to be in a receptive mood.

Judge Dunne of San Francisco, yesterday denied the motion for a change of trial judge, and ordered the trial to begin in the case of the people against Abraham Ruef, accused of extortion.

Commissioner Macfarland of the District of Columbia has received from Samuel Rea, third vice president of the Philadelphia, Baltimore and Washington Railroad Company, a letter stating that his road is adopting measures and making experiments so as to effectively abate the emission of smoke by locomotives within the District.

General Stephen D. Lee, commander-in-chief of the United Confederate Veterans, has announced that he will not appoint a sponsor and make of honor for the reunion to be held at Richmond, next June. This determination is in accordance with the wish of the United Daughters of the Confederacy as expressed at their last general convention.

The Secretary of the Treasury announced yesterday afternoon that it is not his intention to fix at present a date upon which the thirty millions additional deposits placed with existing depository banks, secured by state, municipal and railroad bonds under the terms of the press announcement of September 27, 1906, shall be returned to the Treasury.

Secretary Wilson of the Department of Agriculture opened the annual show of the American Rose Society and spring exhibition of the Florists' Club, of Washington, which is to continue three days, in the Washington Light Infantry Hall, at 6 o'clock last evening with appropriate ceremonies. Flowers of all kinds and of every shade and hue are exhibited.

Attorney General Charles J. Bonaparte said last night that, at the request of President Roosevelt, he is looking into certain allegations which have been made against Walter A. Mason, formerly president of the Commercial and Farmers' National Bank, of Baltimore, and now a national bank examiner. The Attorney-General says a Mr. White, of Philadelphia, has filed charges against the bank examiner in connection with a bank failure in South Bethlehem several years ago.

### Disorder in Louisville.

Two outbreaks of rather formidable proportions in connection with the strike of street railway employees occurred in the business quarter of Louisville, Ky., yesterday afternoon. The first was started at Fourth and Jefferson streets, the busiest corner in the city, by a cab driver blocking a Second street car with his cab and then attempting to tear off the heavy wire screen with which all cars were provided for the protection of motemen.

The cab driver was arrested and three policemen started to walk him to the Central Police Station, at the City Hall, a block away. A thousand persons attempted to release the prisoner. Heavy reinforcements of policemen prevented this, but the crowd was not dispersed until a score of arrests were made. No one was seriously hurt.

The second outbreak occurred at Seventh and Main streets, where a carload of strikebreakers, arriving from St. Louis, were transferring to a suburban express car. The strikebreakers were protected by policemen during the transfer, but the minute the St. Louis men were aboard the express car a volley of missiles crashed into it, several inside being slightly hurt. A large number of arrests were made before the assailants were dispersed.

Several other affrays occurred during the day, but no one was seriously hurt.

### Railroad School.

The Southern Railway Company this week installed in its shops at Spencer, N. C., an educational enterprise entirely new to the railroad world, and which is the first of its kind established in the South. A department has been created for instruction in mathematics, algebra, geometry, trigonometry, mechanical drawing, and kindred subjects. The instruction will be given free to all apprentice men, who will be allowed time at full pay to take the studies.

A suitable building has been arranged and the work inaugurated under the direction of Prof. W. E. McDowd, of Spartan, Pa., who has been employed by the Southern. It is the purpose of the company to establish similar institutes at every shop on the system. Upon completion of any branch taught, diplomas will be granted upon examinations conducted by members of the faculty.

### Was He Slumming?

A man who described himself as Rev. William H. Mears, assistant rector of St. Matthew's Protestant Episcopal Church, Eighty-fourth street, near Columbus avenue, New York was a prisoner in Jefferson Market Court yesterday, having been arrested in a negro ill legal resort on Seventh avenue by two detectives. Arraigned with him were two negro girls. One girl was fined \$5 by Magistrate Steiner, the other was sent to the workhouse on a cumulative sentence, and the clergyman was discharged after he had told the court a lurid tale of slumming which ended in an encounter with the two detectives—one of whom he hit on the nose and a night in the Tenderloin station house.

### "Jim Crow Case Dropped."

The United States Supreme Court yesterday was deprived of an opportunity to pass on the "Jim Crow" car question by the failure of Andrew Patterson, a Jacksonville, Fla., negro, to prosecute an appeal from the judgment of the Florida Supreme Court, upholding the validity of an ordinance of that city prescribing separate accommodations for street cars for the two races. His failure to print the record in the case resulted, under the court's rules, in it being stricken from the docket when the case was called for argument.

### The Market.

Georgetown, March 14.—Wheat 75 1/2c.

### Virginia News.

A state bank is to be established at Boyce, Clarke county.

The Virginia Conference of the United Brethren Church is in session at Edinburg, Virginia.

Governor Swanson has commuted the sentence of "Wee" Wilkie, a negro sentenced to die for murder in Scott county, to imprisonment for life.

Dr. Beverley D. Tucker, of Norfolk, bishop-coadjutor of the Episcopal Church of the diocese of Southern Virginia, has leased a residence in Lynchburg and will take up his residence there about September 1.

It seems quite certain that Rev. Dr. W. A. Barr, of Norfolk, is seriously considering the call recently received by him from St. Paul's Protestant Episcopal Church, Lynchburg, to succeed the Rev. Mr. Owens, who has gone to St. Paul's, Norfolk.

The report of the Attorney-General of Virginia for the last fiscal year has been issued. The volume contains the correspondence of that department for the year, along with much matter relating to the Virginia-West Virginia debt, which is in controversy.

Second Lieutenant Byrd Alston Page, of Virginia, tried by court-martial at Fort Leavenworth, Kans., has been found guilty of violating a pledge not to drink intoxicants while an officer of the Eleventh Infantry, and sentenced to be reduced thirty furlongs.

The Dickson Hardware Company, doing a general hardware business in Fredericksburg, has made an assignment of their stock of hardware, wagons, stoves, etc., also stock of wood, coal, etc., at their wood yard, for the benefit of their creditors, with D. S. Russell as trustee. The liabilities amount to over \$10,000.

It is said that the Postmaster General has decided to remove the widow of the late John Hampton Hoge from the postmasterhip at Blacksburg, a position she has held a year. The charge has been made by an inspector that she had turned the office over entirely to an assistant. He recommended that she be removed. The office pays \$1,200 a year salary.

Messrs. Davis & Davis, Washington patent attorneys, report the grant, this week, to citizens of the State, of the following patents: M. S. Clark, of Roanoke, screen; J. O. Easley, Jr., of Richmond; whistle organ; H. E. Eastman, of Richmond, trolley-stand; B. A. Grunberger, of Richmond, ice-pick; M. L. Harris, of Newport News, door-check; J. W. Hurst, of Dons, hay-rake; L. A. Jones, of Covington, shears; J. F. Land, of Danville, boiler-tube cleaner.

Yesterday an order was placed by the Norfolk and Western Railway Company with the Western Steel Car and Foundry Company, of Hedgewish Ill., for 1,000 40-ton hopper cars, to be delivered at the Roanoke machine shops. Another order was placed for 243 40-ton flat cars, to be constructed at the Roanoke machine shops. This order, in addition to 1,500 coal cars and 250 cabin cars, now building at the shops, will insure a continuous working of the shops throughout the current year.

### COURT OF APPEALS.

Tuesday.—Briggs vs. Barnett. Further argued and submitted.

Foreman, by etc., vs. Norfolk, Portsmouth and Newport News Company. Argued and submitted.

Clark vs. Fehlbauer. Submitted on briefs.

Wednesday.—Pittard's administrator vs. Southern Railway Company. Argued and submitted.

Brammer's administrator vs. Norfolk and Western Railway Company. Argued and submitted.

Next cases to be called: Lynchburg Hosiery Mills vs. Chesterfield Manufacturing Company; Cook vs. Seaboard Air Line Railway Company; Merchants and Miners Transportation Company vs. Masury, and Wickham and Northrop, receivers, vs. Richmond Standard Steel, Spike and Iron Company, being Nos. 63, 65, 67 and 68 on the argument docket.

### Third Jamestown Stamp.

The Postmaster General has decided to add a 6-cent stamp to the ones and twos already determined upon to constitute the commemorative series for the Jamestown Ter-Centennial Exposition. The 6-cent stamp will bear a likeness of the head of Pocahontas, printed in blue. Eight million stamps are to be used of this denomination, to supply the demand for foreign postage. The head of Capt. John Smith, in green, is to decorate the 1-cent stamp, of which 10,000,000 are being printed, while a descriptive scene, "The Founding of Jamestown," representing the first landing on that island, is pictured in red on the 2-cent stamp, of which 14,000,000 are to be issued.

### Woodmen of the World.

The head camp, Woodmen of the World, in session in Lynchburg, have elected the following officers: Head counsel, George S. Jackson, Wilmington, N. C.; head adviser, E. J. Savage, Parkersburg, W. Va.; head escort, E. M. Bunch, Lynchburg; head banker, D. W. Hargrove, Petersburg; head clerk, J. W. Gentry, Richmond; head watchman, W. E. McCoy, Baltimore; head sentry, W. S. Stutz, Washington; head managers, W. D. Slooks, Delaware; E. W. Fuller, of Berkeley; W. L. Stamey, High Point, N. C.; U. D. Morris, Petersburg, and O. M. Snyder, West Virginia.

Construction Contracts Suspended.

Omaha, Neb., March 14.—Two large construction contracts suspended and almost a thousand men withdrawn from jobs, are evidences of the sincerity of the retrenchment policy of the Harriman lines. The impossibility of raising the funds to carry on the work is the reason given by Vice President Mohler for the action taken today. The contracts were both in the hands of Kilpatrick Brothers. One is for the line between Topeka and Marvill, giving Kansas City direct connection with the Union Pacific main line. The other is for a cut-off in Colorado, just south of Cheyenne, Wyoming.

### New York Stock Market.

New York, March 14.—The stock market was extremely nervous and unsettled. After the first few minutes and until near the end of the first hour, prices of many stocks fell to the lowest level, reached on this movement. However, a rally started on which a part of the early losses was recovered. There was covering of shorts put on by the large room traders, buying by outside investors for cash and some support by rich interests. The opening was strong, partly because of the hope inspired by Washington dispatches, but chiefly of a changed sentiment in London.

### Today's Telegraphic News

#### WRIGHT MUST HANG.

(Special Dispatch to the Alexandria Gazette.) Richmond, Va., March 14.—The Supreme Court today affirmed the decision of the Alexandria County Circuit Court in the case of John Wright, colored, alias Thomas, who must hang unless the Governor should interfere. Judges Cardwell and Whitte dissented from the majority.

#### THE JUDGESHIP.

(Special Dispatch to the Alexandria Gazette.) Richmond, Va., March 14.—The Evening Journal prints today that in the last two gubernatorial elections Judge Barley was for Swanson and Mr. J. M. Johnson for Montague and Willard respectively in the two campaigns. Governor Swanson today emphasized that the appointment of Judge Barley was only temporary until the meeting of the Legislature, which would be free to select whomsoever it chooses.

#### Further Break in Stocks.

New York, March 14.—Notwithstanding the low points hit as a result of yesterday's slump in the stock market, and the point were the lowest since the panic of May, 1901, there was no great excitement in the street early today. Hard blows were struck yesterday but it was the big fellows who were punched—some of the most active speculative interests, and some of the leading figures in the banking world. The bleeding lambs had most all been shaken out of the market before yesterday's squeeze came.

While it is expected that the market will be somewhat shaky today and probably for several days to come, it is believed that the worst is over.

It is known that the federal government is keeping a close eye on the ticker and there is a general belief in the street that some important action from Washington today can be expected in event of further unsettled conditions. The market opened irregular with a number of the more active stocks up for fractional gains, but at the end of ten minutes the downward movement had started.

The fun appeared to have started again. By 10:35 the market had developed extreme weakness. The declines were in part attributed to fresh selling orders for foreign account, and the execution of sales in default of response to margin calls sent out last night.

Shortly after noon the excitement was intensified by a sensational break in Reading.

Another wild flurry of even greater proportions than that which created a mild panic in Wall street, yesterday, resulted this afternoon when shortly after 1 o'clock a determined bear raid carried almost the entire market down with a disastrous crash. Reading, which appeared one of the chief targets of the bear attack, tumbled ignominiously, reaching the low point of 96. The stock opened today at 115, after having closed last night at 113 1/2. The break in this stock resulted in a deluge of selling orders in many other issues, but fortunately in the midst of the downward rush a batch of urgent and hurried coverings of shorts in order to realize large profits in sight on the short side, it resulted in a number of sharp rallies. Reading being one of the beneficiaries, which went back to 99.

Word from Berlin was to the effect that New York dealers had worked disastrously on the Bourse here many stocks fell heavily and heavy offerings were met with no takers. London was also severely rapped by the Wall street crash.

Washington, D. C., March 14.—Secretary Cortelyou is keeping a sensitive finger upon the financial pulse. He is watching closely the course of the developments in Wall street, but it is understood that he sees in conditions no need for governmental interference. He is contemplating no present action in relief of the money market other than the determination to leave in the hands of the \$30,000,000 placed there last fall, with the understanding that it should be returned to the Treasury vaults in April.

This decision will have the effect of swelling circulation to that amount. The impression is gaining ground here that Wall street is having the new Secretary of the Treasury. If so, he is taking his knocks without the least apparent trepidation. The power of Wall street as exerted in years past against the treasury, and it attempts to force the government's financial hand is not a new experience for the present head of the treasury. It is understood that these operations of financial interests to influence government policies are invariably first directed against the White House. Secretary Cortelyou's long service as private Secretary to Presidents McKinley and Roosevelt thoroughly familiarized him with the methods involved.

#### Flood at Pittsburgh.

Pittsburgh, Pa., March 14.—With four men already dead and a number of other fatalities reported, business along the river front for miles above and below Pittsburgh idle, families abandoning their homes in the low lying district, Pittsburgh and the surrounding country is in the throes of a flood that will, according to authentic report, surpass the flood of 1884. Everywhere the rivers and tributaries are rising and there is no sign of abatement. Four men who had climbed a tree for safety were carried away and drowned. Many thrilling rescues were made early today. The water in the Monongahela river is rising at the rate of seven inches an hour, while the Allegheny river is rising almost as rapidly.

Rain fell in torrents again last night in Cincinnati, O., and river men predict another flood. The majority of the street car lines were put out of commission by the storm. At Springfield many people were driven from their homes escaping in row boats. Conditions are serious in several towns in Muskegon county where the people are fleeing to the hills for safety.

Practically every industrial plant in Wheeling will be forced to close down by tonight on account of high water. The whole district will be under water by night.

#### Street Fight in Belgrade.

Belgrade, Serbia, March 14.—A serious street fight occurred today between the police and strikers at the sugar and leather factories. The police finally fired on the strikers, killing four men and wounding twenty.

#### The Touch That Heals.

In the touch of Bucklen's Arnica Salve. It's the happiest combination of Arnica flowers and healing balms ever compounded. No matter how old the sore or what it is, this Salve will cure it. For burns, scalds, cuts, wounds or piles, it's an absolute cure. Guaranteed by E. S. Leadbeater & Sons, druggists, 60.

### The Thaw Trial.

New York, March 14.—Judge Fitzgerald in the Thaw trial today sustained Delmas's objection to the conversation between Hummel and Evelyn immediately preceding the dictation of the Hummel affidavit. Upon the introduction of this conversation Jerome had based his hope of getting in the affidavit itself, and the court's ruling is a victory for the defense. In the affidavit Evelyn is alleged to have denied ever telling Thaw White wronged her, and to have asserted Thaw beat her because she refused to sign documents prepared by him setting forth that White had betrayed her.

Delmas began speaking in reply to Jerome's argument of yesterday at 10:43. Jerome replied briefly, pointing out that he had asked Evelyn specifically whether she had made each of these statements to Hummel and she said no. He contended that the question was relevant in the highest degree. In ruling on the important question Justice Fitzgerald tersely said: "The cases cited by the district attorney are not authorities on the point. The objection is sustained."

Jerome clearly showed he felt the defeat. He sat quietly a few moments before he tried to continue the examination of Hummel, who had in the meantime taken the stand. Then he began by putting the points contained in a long involved question, which had just been overruled into single questions. Several brisk clashes resulted between Jerome and Delmas in which each showed temper.

Jerome began by asking: "At the interview Evelyn Thaw had with you in your office October 27, 1903, did she, prior to your dictating anything tell you that she had told Thaw it was not true that White had drugged her and wronged her?"

Before Delmas could object, Hummel, seeing his chance, answered: "She certainly did."

"And you call yourself a lawyer?" thundered Delmas at the little witness, advancing toward Hummel.

Jerome suggested that the answer be stricken out.

"No," shouted Delmas, "The answer should be given. It is before the jury. I will waive my privilege to object and meet it at the proper time."

Jerome seemed to fear he had blundered and wanted the answer stricken out, but Delmas won in having it remain.

"In your office on October 27, 1903, did Evelyn, without dictation from you, say Thaw had prepared documents charging White with having drugged and betrayed her when she was about fifteen years old, and had he insisted on her signing these documents, but she told Thaw she would not sign as the statements were not true?"

"I object," said Delmas. "The district attorney is merely dividing into shorter questions the long question to which the court had just sustained my objection."

After further colloquies a recess was declared.

#### Mr. Bryan's Visit to Boston.

Boston, March 14.—Twenty-five busy hours are in store for Wm. J. Bryan following his arrival here this afternoon. Early in the evening he will receive a few of his close personal and political friends at the Quincy House. At 8 he will deliver a non-political address on "The Value of an Ideal." He later will address the members of the Harvard Union, spending the night with Geo. Fred Williams at Dedham. Tomorrow at one o'clock comes the luncheon at the Quincy House, tendered by the democratic State committee. After the luncheon he will leave for Providence.

#### Dowie's Funeral.

Zion City, Ill., March 14.—The funeral rites over the remains of John Alexander Dowie, was held this day and were all that the late prophet could have wished for in the way of elaborate detail. The people of Zion City turned out to the last person to pay homage to the dead leader. The body of the Apostle was laid beside that of his daughter in Lake Mound Cemetery.

"Preventions" will promptly check a cold or the Grippe when taken early or at the "mezzanine stage." Preventives cure colds and flu. Preventives are little sandy color capsules, and Dr. Hogen's Sore Throat Pills, will gladly mail you samples and a book on colds free, if you will write him. The samples prove their merit. Check early colds with preventives and stop Pneumonia. Sold 50c and 25c boxes by E. S. Leadbeater & Sons, druggists.

#### The London Stock Market.

London, March 14.—The stock market was partly demoralized today which is settling day. Two small failures were announced and all stocks opened flat. Later there was a general recovery, including American rails which advanced half a dollar a share. The general opinion of Capitol Hill is that the worst is over and further improvement of Americans is expected.

In the British House today, Earl Gray in reply to a question declared the Admiralty had landed marines at Kingston from single minded motives of humanity. There was misunderstanding but a true account of the occurrence showed that Davis did not land the marines in opposition to the governor. Earl Gray was cheered at the conclusion of his statement.

The winds of March have no terror to the user of DeWitt's Carbolic White Hazel Salve. It quickly beats chapped and cracked skin. Good too, for boils and burns, and undoubtedly the best of all skin cures. Sold here by W. F. Creighton & Co., 401 King street.

#### FOR SALE AND RENT.

FOR RENT—HOUSE No. 320 North St. Asphalt street, 6 rooms and bath; all modern improvements. Apply to M. RUBEN & SONS. mar14 3t

FOR RENT—LODGE ROOM. FOURTH FLOOR, Alexandria National Bank Building, northeast corner King and Royal streets. Water, electric lights and janitor service included in rent. For terms and open dates apply to JOHN D. NORMAN, Agent, northeast corner King and Royal streets. mar12 3t

FOR RENT—Ten-room BRICK HOUSE, corner Fairfax and Gibson streets, in excellent condition; large cellar; modern plumbing and improvements. \$15 per month. Apply to W.